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# HELINI

## PAN-Fungal

### Real-time PCR Kit

[Detects Mucormycosis causing Fungal mucormycetes group such as Rhizopus species, Mucor species, Rhizomucor species, Syncephalastrum species, Cunninghamella bertholletiae, Apophysomyces species, and Lichtheimia (formerly Absidia) species]

**Test samples:** Plasma, Swabs, Sputum, BAL, Tissue, and other human biological samples.

#### Instructions for use

**For use with:** Agilent, Bio-Rad, Roche Lightcycler-96, Roche-Z480/Cobas-480, Applied Bio systems [ABI], Thermo-Piko-Real, Rotor gene 5/6plex, Alta-96, Cepheid Real time PCR machines.



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HELINI Biomolecules, Chennai, INDIA

### Intended Use

The HELINI PAN-Fungal Real-time PCR Kit is an in vitro nucleic acid amplification kit for the detection and quantification of PAN Fungal specific DNA.

### Kit components

Components	Volume Per reaction	Number of vials	Volume Per vials
Master Mix	10µl	2	2 x 250µl
PAN-Fungal PP Mix	5µl	1	125µl
Endogenous control PP Mix	5µl	1	125µl
Positive control	10µl	1	150µl
Water, PCR grade		1	4ml

### Storage

- The kit is shipped on gel ice. Upon arrival, all components should be stored in -20°C. They are stable until the expiration date stated on the label.
- Repeated thawing and freezing should be avoided, as this might affect the performance of the assay.
- If the reagents are to be used only intermittently, they should be frozen in aliquots. Storage at 2 to 8°C should not exceed a period of 5 hours.

### Material and instruments required

- Real-time PCR instrument having FAM channels
- Automatic Nucleic acid extraction system or spin column based purification kit for the purification of nucleic acids
- Desktop centrifuge having 13000rpm or above with a rotor for 1.5/2 ml reaction tubes
- Centrifuge with a rotor for PCR strips/tubes and 96 well plates
- Optical cap qPCR tubes or strips or 96 wells
- Micro Pipettes (variables)
- Micro Pipette tips with filters (disposable)
- Powder-free gloves (disposable)

*[Please ensure that all instruments used have been installed, calibrated, checked and maintained according to the manufacturer's instructions and recommendations.]*

### Product Use Limitations

- All reagents may exclusively be used in molecular diagnosis.
- The product is to be used by personnel specially instructed and trained in Molecular diagnosis.
- Strict compliance with the user manual is required for optimal PCR results.
- Attention should be paid to expiration dates printed on the box and labels of all components. Do not use expired components.
- Wear protective disposable powder-free gloves, a laboratory coat and eye protection when handling specimens and kit components.
- Avoid microbial and nuclease (DNase/RNase) contamination of the specimens and the components of the kit.
- Always use DNase/RNase-free disposable pipette tips with aerosol barriers.
- Use separated and segregated working areas for sample preparation, reaction setup and amplification/detection activities.
- The workflow in the laboratory should proceed in unidirectional manner. Always wear disposable gloves in each area and change them before entering a different area.
- Store positive and/or potentially positive material separated from all other components of the kit.
- Do not open the reaction tubes/plates post amplification, to avoid contamination with amplicons.

- Additional controls may be tested according to guidelines or requirements of local, state and/or federal regulations or accrediting organizations.
- Do not autoclave reaction tubes after the PCR, since this will not degrade the amplified nucleic acid and will bear the risk to contaminate the laboratory area.
- Discard sample and assay waste according to your local safety regulations.

### Technical Assistance

For technical assistance and more information, please contact;

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### Product description

HELINI PAN Fungal Real-time PCR Kit constitutes a ready-to-use system for the detection of Fungal specific DNA using polymerase chain reaction (PCR). It contains reagents and enzymes for the specific amplification of the conserved region of the Fungus genome, and for the direct detection of the specific amplicon in FAM channel. In addition to validate the DNA purification and PCR inhibition, endogenous control [Human RNaseP gene] is included.

### Specificity

Fungal primer and probe have been designed for the specific and exclusive *in vitro* detection and quantification of Fungal specific DNA. The target sequence (ITS) is highly conserved and has previously been shown to be a good genetic marker for the detection of Fungal genome. The primers and probe sequences in this kit have 100% homology with a broad range of clinically relevant reference sequences based on a comprehensive bioinformatics analysis.

### Dynamic linear range

The linear range was evaluated by analyzing a logarithmic dilution series of DNA concentrations ranging from 1.00E+09 to 1.00E+00 copies/ $\mu$ l. At least six replicates per dilution were analyzed. The linear range is 1.00E+09 to 1.00E+00 copies/ $\mu$ l.

### Analytical Sensitivity

The analytical sensitivity is defined as the concentration of DNA molecules (copies/ $\mu$ l) that can be detected with a positivity rate of 95%. The analytical sensitivity was determined by analysis of dilution series of quantified Fungal specific DNA from 0.001copies to 10copies/ $\mu$ l in triplicates. Under optimal PCR conditions, the analytical sensitivity is 0.25 copies per micro liter.

### Note:

#### DNA Purification

Purified DNA is the starting material for the Real-time PCR assay. The quality of the purified DNA has a profound impact on the performance of the entire test system. It has to be ensured that the purification system used for DNA purification is compatible with real-time PCR technology.

If you are using a spin column-based sample preparation procedure having washing buffers containing ethanol, it is highly recommended to perform an additional centrifugation step for 5min at approximately 17000 x g (~ 13000 rpm), using a new collection tube, prior to the elution of the DNA.

## Detection Protocol

### Things to do before starting

- Before use, all kit components need to be thawed completely, mixed by gently inverting and centrifuged briefly.
- Make sure that Positive and Negative control is included in every run.
- Include 0.5 reaction volume for pipetting error while calculating the volume for total number of reactions.

Components	PAN Fungal	Endo-genous Control
Master Mix	10µl	10µl
Endogenous control PP Mix	---	5µl
PAN-Fungal PP Mix	5µl	
<b>Purified DNA</b>	<b>10µl</b>	<b>10µl</b>
Final reaction volume	25µl	25µl

### Negative Control setup [NTC]

Add 10µl of PCR grade water.

### Qualitative Positive Control setup

Add 10µl of Positive control

Centrifuge PCR vials briefly before placing into thermal cycler.

*[Note: There should not be any bubbles in the reaction mix. Bubbles interfere with fluorescence detection.]*

## Programming Thermal cycler

Sample volume	25µl
Fluorescence Dyes	FAM
Passive reference	None
Ramping rate	Default

## Thermal Profile

	Step	Time	Temp
	Taq enzyme activation / Hold	15min	95°C
<b>40 cycles</b>	Denaturation	20sec	95°C
	Annealing/Data collection*	20sec	60°C
	Extension	20sec	72°C

Data collection/Acquisition	Targets
FAM	PAN-Fungal genome
	Human RNaseP gene.

\*\* Some qPCR machines may require minimum 30sec for data collection; in that case, set to 30sec, this will not affect the performance.

**Reading the graph:****Step-1 –Endogenous control Validation**

Select the test samples alone for the endogenous control analysis. View the graph of endogenous control amplification. A successful amplification Ct value must be within Ct 23 +/- 7.

This range indicates NO PCR inhibition in the reaction. Any sample value goes beyond Ct 31 indicates that either sample has some issues in the purification or inhibiting PCR reaction.

Endogenous control will not get amplified in the negative and positive controls.

**Step-2 – FAM - Negative and Positive control validation**

Select the NTC and Positive control and view the graph of amplification.

The NTC must be flat with no Ct value. If required adjust the threshold value just above the NTC. The Positive control must be amplified.

NTC justifies NO contamination in the reagent as well as fine pipetting and its environment. PC justifies the reagents storage conditions and reaction parameters are as prescribed.

**Step-3 –FAM - Test Sample status**

In FAM channel, select test sample well one by one, analyze the graph/amplification. The cut off value for PAN-Fungal is  $\leq 35$  Ct.

**Qualitative interpretation of results:**

Test Sample	Negative control	Positive control	Endogenous Control	Interpretation
Positive	Negative	Positive	Positive	PAN-Fungal DNA detected
Negative	Negative	Positive	Positive	Not detected
Negative	Negative	Negative	Negative	Experiment fail
Positive	Positive	Positive	Positive	Experiment fail

### Limitations

Good laboratory practice is essential for proper performance of this assay. Strict compliance with the instructions for use is required for optimal results.

Analysts should be trained and familiar with testing procedures and interpretation of results prior to performing the assay.

A false negative result may occur if inadequate numbers of organisms are present in the sample due to improper collection, transport or handling. Appropriate specimen collection, transport, storage and processing procedures are required for the optimal performance of this test.

Extreme care should be taken to preserve the purity of the components of the kit and reaction setups. All reagents should be closely monitored for impurity and contamination. Any suspicious reagents should be discarded.

The presence of PCR inhibitors may cause under quantification, false negative or invalid results.

Potential mutations within the target regions of the pathogen's genome covered by the primers and/or probes used in the kit may result in under quantification and/or failure to detect. **ITS based targets used for PAN fungal detection, may mismatch with some species genome may fail to detect.**

As with any diagnostic test, the HELINI PAN-Fungal Real-time PCR results need to be interpreted in consideration of all clinical and laboratory findings.

### Quality Control

In accordance with the HELINI Biomolecules in house Quality Management System, each lot of HELINI PAN-Fungal Real-time PCR kit is tested against predetermined specifications to ensure consistent product quality.

### Explanations of symbols



In vitro diagnostic medical device



Catalogue number



Pack size – number of tests



Manufacturer

Manufactured by

**HELINI *Biomolecules***,

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