

HELINI

CYP2C19

Real-time PCR Kit

[CYP2C19*2; 681 G>A /
CYP2C19*3; 636 G>A
CYP2C19*17; -806 C>T]

Instructions for use

For use with: Agilent, Bio-Rad, Roche Lightcycler-96, Roche-Z480/Cobas-480, Applied Bio systems [ABI], Thermo-Piko-Real, Rotor gene 5/6plex, Alta-96, Cepheid Real time PCR machines.

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HELINI Biomolecules, Chennai, INDIA

Intended Use

The HELINI CYP2C19 Real-time PCR Kit is an in vitro nucleic acid amplification kit for the detection of CYP2C19 gene variants 2, 3 and 17.

Kit components

Components	Volume Per reaction	Volume
CYP2C19 – 2 -Wild Master Mix	15µl	375µl
CYP2C19 – 2 – Mutant Master Mix	15µl	375µl
CYP2C19 – 3 Wild Master Mix	15µl	375µl
CYP2C19 – 3 Mutant Master Mix	15µl	375µl
CYP2C19 – 17 Wild Master Mix	15µl	375µl
CYP2C19 – 17 Mutant Master Mix	15µl	375µl
Positive control Mix	10µl	150µl
Water, PCR grade		4ml

Storage

- The kit is shipped on gel ice. Upon arrival, all components should be stored in -20°C. They are stable until the expiration date stated on the label.
- Repeated thawing and freezing should be avoided, as this might affect the performance of the assay.
- If the reagents are to be used only intermittently, they should be frozen in aliquots. Storage at 2 to 8°C should not exceed a period of 5 hours.

Material and instruments required

- Real-time PCR instrument having FAM channels
- Automatic Nucleic acid extraction system or spin column based purification kit for the purification of nucleic acids
- Desktop centrifuge having 13000rpm or above with a rotor for 1.5/2 ml reaction tubes
- Centrifuge with a rotor for PCR strips/tubes and 96 well plates
- Optical cap qPCR tubes or strips or 96 wells
- Micro Pipettes (variables)
- Micro Pipette tips with filters (disposable)
- Powder-free gloves (disposable)

[Please ensure that all instruments used have been installed, calibrated, checked and maintained according to the manufacturer's instructions and recommendations.]

Product Use Limitations

- All reagents may exclusively be used in molecular diagnosis.
- The product is to be used by personnel specially instructed and trained in Molecular diagnosis.
- Strict compliance with the user manual is required for optimal PCR results.
- Attention should be paid to expiration dates printed on the box and labels of all components. Do not use expired components.
- Wear protective disposable powder-free gloves, a laboratory coat and eye protection when handling specimens and kit components.
- Avoid microbial and nuclease (RNAse/RNase) contamination of the specimens and the components of the kit.
- Always use RNAse/RNase-free disposable pipette tips with aerosol barriers.
- Use separated and segregated working areas for sample preparation, reaction setup and amplification/detection activities.
- The workflow in the laboratory should proceed in unidirectional manner. Always wear disposable gloves in each area and change them before entering a different area.
- Store positive and/or potentially positive material separated from all other components of the kit.
- Do not open the reaction tubes/plates post amplification, to avoid contamination with amplicons.

- Additional controls may be tested according to guidelines or requirements of local, state and/or federal regulations or accrediting organizations.
- Do not autoclave reaction tubes after the PCR, since this will not degrade the amplified nucleic acid and will bear the risk to contaminate the laboratory area.
- Discard sample and assay waste according to your local safety regulations.

Technical Assistance

For technical assistance and more information, please contact;

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Product description

HELINI CYP2C19 Real-time PCR Kit constitutes a ready-to-use system for the detection of CYP2C19 Gene Variants mutation using polymerase chain reaction (PCR). It contains reagents and enzymes for the specific amplification for the direct detection of the specific amplicon in fluorescence channels FAM. Wild gene amplification indicates possible PCR inhibition and DNA purification. External mutation positive control is supplied to assist the run.

Specificity

CYP2C19 Gene Variants mutation primer and probe have been designed for the specific and exclusive *in vitro* detection of CYP2C19 Gene Variants type 2, type 3 and type 17. The primers and probe sequences in this kit have 100% homology with clinically relevant reference sequences based on a comprehensive bioinformatics analysis.

Dynamic linear range

The linear range was evaluated by analyzing a logarithmic dilution series of mutation specific pDNA concentrations ranging from 1.00E+09 to 1.00E+00copies/μl. At least six replicates per dilution were analyzed. The linear range is 1.00E+06 to 1.00E+00copies/μl.

Analytical Sensitivity

The analytical sensitivity is defined as the concentration of plasmid DNA molecules (copies/μl) that can be detected with a positivity rate of 95%. The analytical sensitivity was determined by analysis of dilution series of quantified mutation specific pDNA from 0.001copies to 10copies/μl in triplicates. Under optimal PCR conditions, the analytical sensitivity is 1 copy per micro liter.

Note:

DNA Purification

Purified DNA is the starting material for the Real-time PCR assay. The quality of the purified DNA has a profound impact on the performance of the entire test system. It has to be ensured that the purification system used for DNA purification is compatible with real-time PCR technology.

If you are using a spin column based sample preparation procedure having washing buffers containing ethanol, it is highly recommended to perform an additional centrifugation step for 3min at approximately 17000 x g (~ 13000 rpm), using a new collection tube, prior to the elution of the DNA.

Detection Protocol

Things to do before starting

- Before use, all kit components need to be thawed completely, mixed by gently inverting and centrifuged briefly.
- Make sure that Positive and Negative control is included in every run.
- Include 0.5 reaction volume for pipetting error while calculating the volume for total number of reactions.

Components	2W	2M	3W	3M	17W	17M
Master Mix	15µl	15µl	15µl	15µl	15µl	15µl
Purified DNA [>5ng/µl]	10µl	10µl	10µl	10µl	10µl	10µl
Final reaction volume	25µl	25µl	25µl	25µl	25µl	25µl

2W = CYP2C19 Gene Variants – 2 wild

2M = CYP2C19 Gene Variants – 2 mutant

3W = CYP2C19 Gene Variants – 3 wild

3M = CYP2C19 Gene Variants – 3 mutant

17W = CYP2C19 Gene Variants – 17 wild

17M = CYP2C19 Gene Variants – 17 mutant

Negative Control setup [NTC]

Add 10µl of PCR grade water.

Positive Control setup

Add 10µl of the Positive control

Centrifuge PCR vials briefly before placing into thermal cycler.

[Note: There should not be any bubbles in the reaction mix. Bubbles interfere with fluorescence detection.]

Programming Thermal cycler

Sample volume	25µl
Fluorescence Dyes	FAM
Passive reference	None
Ramping rate	Default

Thermal Profile

	Step	Time	Temp
	Taq enzyme activation / Hold	15min	95°C
35 cycles	Denaturation	20sec	95°C
	Annealing/Data collection*	20sec	60°C
	Extension	20sec	72°C

Data collection/Acquisition	Targets
FAM	CYP2C19 Gene Variants 2/3/17
	Wild / Mutant

Reading the graph:**Step-1 – FAM - Negative and Positive control validation**

Select the NTC and Positive control, select FAM channel, and view the graph of amplification.

The NTC must be flat with no Ct value. If required adjust the threshold value just above the NTC. The Positive control must be amplified.

NTC justifies NO contamination in the reagent as well as fine pipetting and its environment. PC justifies the reagents storage conditions and reaction parameters are as prescribed.

Step-3 –FAM - Test Sample status

In FAM channel, select test sample well one by one, analyze the graph/amplification.

Qualitative interpretation of results:

Wild	Mutant	Negative control	Positive control	Interpretation
Positive	Negative	Negative	Positive	Homozygous Wild
Negative	Positive	Negative	Positive	Homozygous Mutant
Positive	Positive	Negative	Positive	Heterozygous
Negative	Negative	Negative	Negative	Experiment fail
Positive	Positive	Positive	Positive	Experiment fail

Limitations

Good laboratory practice is essential for proper performance of this assay. Strict compliance with the instructions for use is required for optimal results.

Analysts should be trained and familiar with testing procedures and interpretation of results prior to performing the assay.

A false negative result may occur due to improper collection, transport or handling. Appropriate specimen collection, transport, storage and processing procedures are required for the optimal performance of this test.

Extreme care should be taken to preserve the purity of the components of the kit and reaction setups. All reagents should be closely monitored for impurity and contamination. Any suspicious reagents should be discarded.

The presence of PCR inhibitors may cause under quantification, false negative or invalid results.

Potential mutations within the target regions of the genome covered by the primers and/or probes used in the kit may result in under quantification and/or failure to detect.

As with any diagnostic test, the HELINI CYP2C19 Real-time PCR results need to be interpreted in consideration of all clinical and laboratory findings.

Quality Control

In accordance with the HELINI Biomolecules in house Quality Management System, each lot of HELINI CYP2C19 Real-time PCR kit is tested against predetermined specifications to ensure consistent product quality.

Explanations of symbols



In vitro diagnostic medical device



Catalogue number



Pack size – number of tests



Manufacturer

Manufactured by

HELINI Biomolecules,

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